



TES comparisons of water vapor with aircraft and sondes

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21 Sept. 2005 Aura Validation Workshop - Water Subgroup



Introduction



- TES jointly retrieves O₃, T, H₂O so water accuracy is important.
- Aircraft and sondes provide local meteorological context for TES retrievals.
- We will examine the variability of water vapor in the middle and upper troposphere.



TES Retrievals



- TES retrievals shown here are from the IDL sav files, similar to release 7 (Version 1 data at the DAAC).
- L2 profiles of tropospheric water vapor.
- Step and Stare special observations during the AVE and PAVE missions.
- TES error bars shown are the combined random and cross-state errors.
- TES retrievals shown here have been filtered for retrieval quality (e.g. radiance residual rms below 1.4).



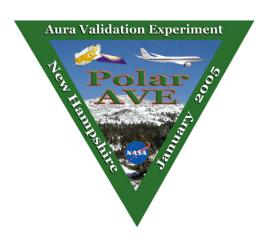
In situ Measurements



Aura Validation Experiment

- AVE Oct (Houston):
 WB-57 high-altitude aircraft,
 Oct-Nov 2004.
- AVE Oct (Houston): ozonesondes launched by Gary Morris, Oct-Nov 2004.
- PAVE (Portsmouth, NH): NASA DC-8 aircraft, Jan-Feb 2005.







Method of Comparison



- Define $X = In[H_2O]$.
- Interpolate the in situ data to the same 87-level grid as TES.
- Apply TES averaging kernel A_{TES} and the TES a priori constraint $X_{apriori}$ to the *in situ* data:

$$X_{sonde}^{TES_{AK}} = X_{apriori} + A_{TES}[X_{sonde}^{pTES} - X_{apriori}]$$

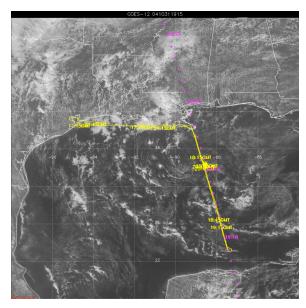
where $X_{apriori} = In[H_2O]$ interpolated from GMAO values.



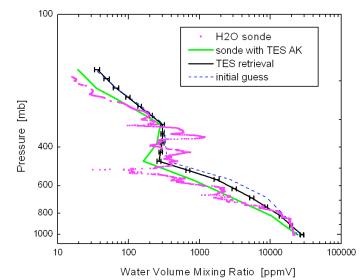
AVE - 31 Oct 2004 (coastal)

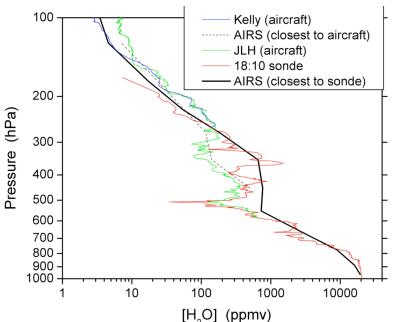


- WB-57 takeoff and Rice Univ. sonde.
- Sonde H₂O
 measurements by
 Vaisala RS80 sensor
 have a dry bias in UT.
- Spatial variability is apparent - even near Houston.



Houston sonde profile of water, 2004-10-31, run 2262, dist=580 km, time~1.2 hr



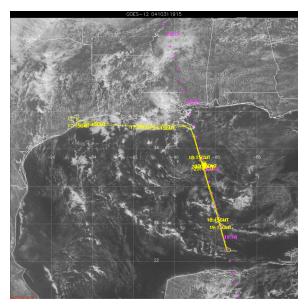


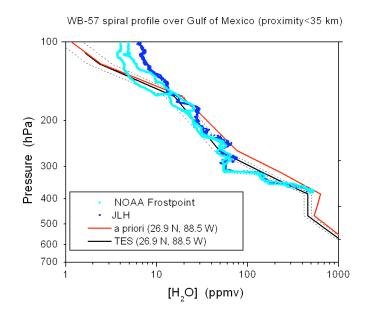


AVE - 31 Oct 2004 (over ocean)



- This WB-57 spiral over the Gulf of Mexico is the closest spatial match to a TES Step and Stare point (within 18 km).
- Good comparison over a limited range of altitudes.





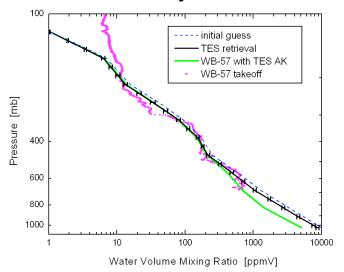


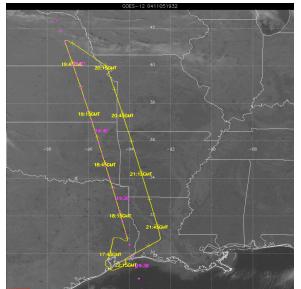
AVE - 5 Nov 2004 (coastal)

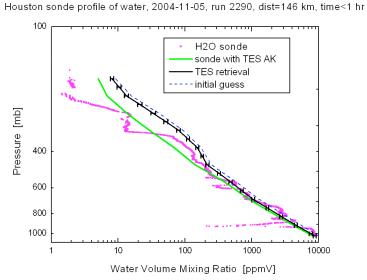


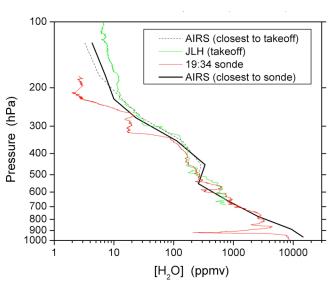
WB-57 takeoff and sonde within 146-km proximity of TES Step

and Stare, sonde dry bias in UT.







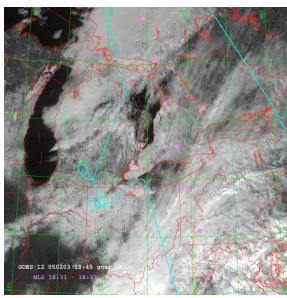


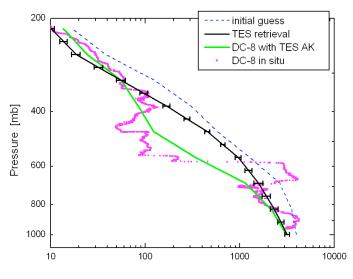


PAVE - 3 Feb 2005 (over land)



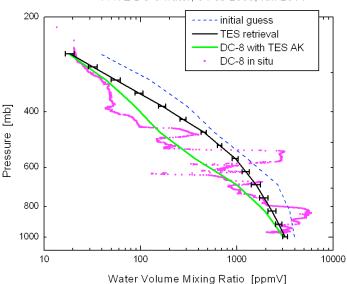
- DLH in situ water on the NASA DC-8.
- DC-8 profile from 200 to 960 mbar.
- Highly variable meteorology over Ohio and Michigan limits the usefulness of this comparison.





Water Volume Mixing Ratio [ppmV]







Summary



- Water comparisons have been carried out between TES L2 retrievals, aircraft, and sondes.
- Reasonable agreement in the lower and middle troposphere.
- High spatial variability of tropospheric water vapor suggests that a very large number of profiles are required to compare water with TES.



Acknowledgments



We thank Ken Kelly for providing NOAA frostpoint data, Glenn Diskin for DLH data, and Gary Morris for sonde data.

Special thanks to Helen Worden, Susan Kulawik, Annmarie Eldering, and Kevin Bowman for helpful suggestions. This work was funded by the NASA Aura Program.